

HD978TR3, HD978TR4, HD978TR5, HD978TR6



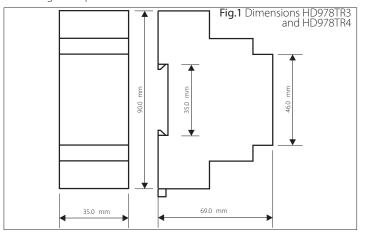
HD978TR3, HD978TR4, HD978TR5, HD978TR6 SIGNAL CONVERTERS / AMPLIFIERS

HD978TR3, HD978TR4, HD978TR5 and HD978TR6 are **configurable signal converters/amplifiers** configurable with mV input. The mV input signal range can be configured from -10mV to +60mV through a button, by using the HD778-TCAL simulator and DeltaLog7 software downloadable from Delta OHM website or a voltage calibrator with mV output.

HD978TR3 and HD978TR5 have 4...20 mA current output. HD978TR4 and HD978TR6 have 0...10 Vdc voltage output.

0...1 Vdc, 0...5 Vdc and 1...5 Vdc outputs are available on request.

A led indicates the alarm situation and it helps user during the programming. The instrument is also protected against polarity inversions. Input and output are galvanically isolated: this is necessary to eliminate problems due to the mutual influence of the devices caused by the different ground paths.

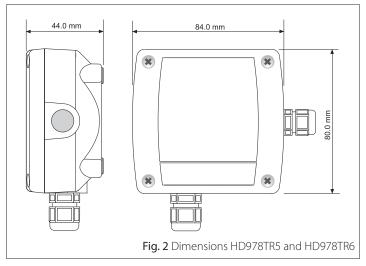


The instrument is housed in a 2 modules DIN (Width 35mm) container with standard connection for 35 mm rail for the models HD978TR3 and HD978TR4; a wall mount container for the models HD978TR5 and HD978TR6.

The 4...20 mA current output of HD978TR3 and HD978TR5 is passive two-wire.

INPUT	HD978TR3 - HD978TR5	HD978TR4 - HD978TR6
Measuring range		mV configurable
Default range	020 mV	
Minimum		
measuring range	2 mV	
Input impedance	> 1 Mohm	
Conversion speed	2 measures per second	
Accuracy	±0.04%F.S. ±20 μV	
Operating temperature	-30+70℃	
Storage temperature	-40+80 °C	
Relative humidity	090 %RH (without condensation)	
OUTPUT	HD978TR3 - HD978TR5	HD978TR4 - HD978TR6
Type of output (note 1)	420 mA (or 204 mA) two-wired 22 mA, in case of unconnected input	010 Vdc (01 Vdc, 05 Vdc, 1 Vdc upon request)
Resolution	4 μΑ	20 μV
Power supply	930 Vdc for the 420 mA current output	1530 Vdc (4mA) for the 010 Vdc current outpu 1030 Vdc (4mA) for the other outputs
Protection against polarity inversion	40 Vmax	
Sensitivity to Vdc power voltage variations	0.4 μΑ//V	2μΑ/V
Load resistance	$R_L Max = (Vdc-9)/0.022$ $R_L Max = 680\Omega$ with Vdc = 24 Vdc	> 10kΩ
Input/output galvanically isolation	50 Vdc (verified at 250 V)	
Red led	It turns on while programming, when the probe is broken or not connected	
Heating time	2 minutes	
Thermal drift	0.02% F.S./℃	

Note 1 - If the measured voltage V goes out of the V1...V2 (V1<V2) set range, the transmitters linearly regulate the output for V<V1 and V>V2 for an interval of 0.1 mV. (See the diagrams of the outputs).



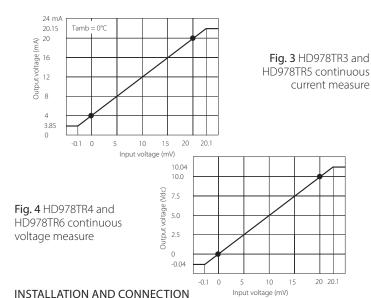


Fig.1 shows the mechanical dimensions of the HD978TR3 and TR4: the width of the container is a 2 modules DIN (35 mm). Fig.5 reports the wiring diagrams of the HD978TR3 and a Delta OHM pyranometer. Fig.6 indicates the typical connection of the HD978TR4.

In order to obtain the maximum precision, the connection to the thermocouple should not exceed 3 meters long and should be performed with a shielded cable. It is also recommended not to pass wiring near cable for power signals (electric motors, induction furnaces, inverter etc.). The working temperature should be within the declared operating temperature.

In the diagrams reported, the RL (Load) symbol represents any device introduced in the current loop, that is to say any indicator, controller, data logger or recorder. The two terminals reporting ground are connected internally between them and they are necessary to connect the ground terminal coming, for instance, by a pyranometer to the grounded, as you can see from the diagrams.

The response curves of the instruments are reported in figures 3 (current output of HD978TR3 and HD978TR5) and 4 (voltage output of HD978TR4 and HD978TR6).

Fig.7 reports, as an example, the connection to be performed for reading the voltage measured on a shunt DC: the converter assures the galvanic isolation between device and voltage or current output; also configurability allows to obtain the best correlation between read and amplified output voltage. We recommend that you pick up the signal by using a shielded cable and by connecting the shield to terminal 9.

PROGRAMMING OF THE OPERATING RANGE

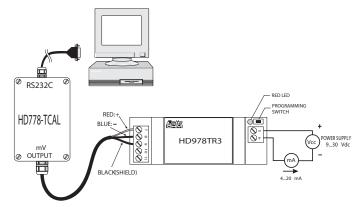
Converters HD978TR3, HD978TR4, HD978TR5 and HD978TR6 are supplied by default with range 0...20 mV.

The user can set a different range according to his requirements with a minimum span of 2 mV.

The correspondence between the read voltage and current or voltage output can be directed (for ex. 0 mV / 4 mA and 20 mV / 20 mA) or reverse (for ex. 20 mV / 4 mA and 0 mV / 20 mA).

Acquire the following tools for programming:

- DC Power source (please see the specifications table),
- · calibrator with mV output,
- · connection cables,
- \bullet precision ammeter with 0...25 mA minimum range or 0...10 Vdc voltmeter.



The setting must be done with the instrument already powered.

Set the calibrator so that it generates the voltage corresponding to the output of the initial scale of the converter (4 mA or 0 V according to the model), by paying attention to polarity. Wait 30 seconds for the voltage to stabilize.

Press and hold the button until the led starts flashing. Release the button. The instrument has acquired the first value of the transmitter working range, the led keeps on flashing. The instrument is now awaiting the value of the full scale range.

Set the calibrator in order to generate a voltage corresponding to the output of the full scale (20 mA or $10\,\text{Vdc}$).

Press and hold the button until the led stops flashing.

Release the button and wait 20 seconds, without changing the calibrator's data, so that the converter saves the calibration data and is ready for working normally. The operation ends with a flashing of the led.

The instrument has acquired the second point corresponding to the range you want to set and is working normally.

The minimum value accepted by the instrument is 2 mV. If after having inserted the first range value V1 the user tries to insert a second value V2 with: V2-V1 lower than 2 mV, the instrument does not accept it and remains in standby while the led flashing continuously.

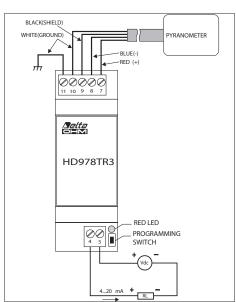


Fig.5 Connection diagram of HD978TR3 to a pyranometer.

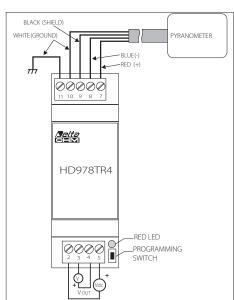


Fig.6 Connection diagram of HD978TR4 to a pyranometer

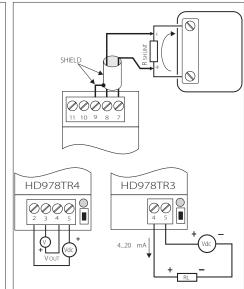
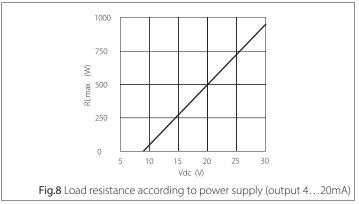


Fig.7 Connection diagram of HD978TR3 and HD978TR4 to a SHUNT



Note: in place of the current/voltage calibrator, you can use the Delta OHM HD778-TCAL. This instrument has to be connected to a serial port of the PC and, by means of the DeltaLog7 software downloadable from Delta OHM website, automates all the steps described above for programming the operating range.

The HD778-TCAL is supplied with its software. Connected to the HD778-TCAL serial output of a PC, the user can configure the HD978TR3 and HD978TR5 (4...20 mA or 20...4 mA current) or the HD978TR4 and HD978TR6 (0...10 Vdc or 10...0 Vdc voltage) by following the instructions on the screen.

ORDERING CODES

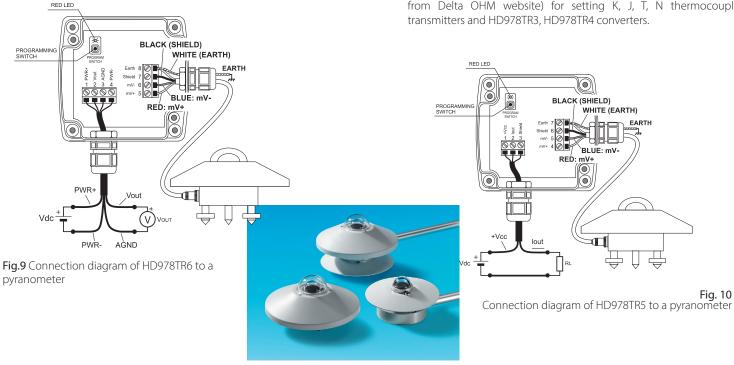
HD978TR3: Configurable converter signal amplifier with 4÷20 mA (20÷4 mA). Input measuring range -10...+60 mVdc. Standard configuration 0...20 mVdc. Minimum measuring range 2 mVdc. Configurable with HD778TCAL. DIN 2 modules container (35 mm) with rail attachment 35 mm

HD978TR4: Configurable converter signal amplifier with 4...20 mA (20...4 mA). Input measuring range -10...+60 mVdc. Standard configuration 0...20 mVdc. Minimum measuring range 2 mVdc. Configurable with HD778TCAL. DIN 2 modules container (35 mm) with rail attachment 35 mm.

HD978TR5: Configurable converter signal amplifier with 4...20 mA (20...4 mA). Input measuring range -10...+60 mVdc. Standard configuration 0...20 mVdc. Minimum measuring range 2 mVdc. Configurable with HD778TCAL. DIN 2 modules container (35 mm). Wall mount attachment.

HD978TR6: Configurable converter signal amplifier with 0...10 Vdc (10...0 Vdc). Input measuring range -10...+60 mVdc. Standard configuration 0...20 mVdc. Minimum measuring range 2 mVdc Configurable with HD778TCAL. DIN 2 modules container (35 mm). Wall mount attachment.

HD778-TCAL: Power generator in the range -60 mV...+60 mV, regulated by PC through RS232C serial port, DELTALOG7 software (downloadable from Delta OHM website) for setting K, J, T, N thermocouple transmitters and HD978TR3, HD978TR4 converters.



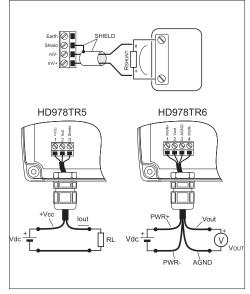


Fig. 11 Connection diagram of HD978TR5 and HD978TR6 to a SHUNT

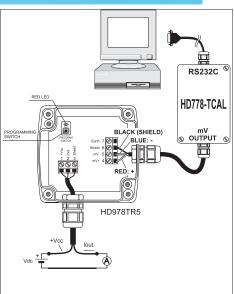


Fig. 12 Connection diagram for programming HD978TR5 with HD778-TCAL

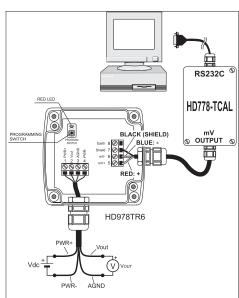


Fig. 13 Connection diagram for programming HD978TR6 with HD778-TCAL

WARRANTY

The manufacturer is required to respond to the "factory warranty" only in those cases provided by Legislative Decree 6 September 2005 - n. 206. Each instrument is sold after rigorous inspections; if any manufacturing defect is found, it is necessary to contact the distributor where the instrument was purchased from. During the warranty period (24 months from the date of invoice) any manufacturing defects found will be repaired free of charge. Misuse, wear, neglect, lack or inefficient maintenance as well as theft and damage during transport are excluded. Warranty does not apply if changes, tampering or unauthorized repairs are made on the product. Solutions, probes, electrodes and microphones are not guaranteed as the improper use, even for a few minutes, may cause irreparable damages. The manufacturer repairs the products that show defects of construction in accordance with the terms and conditions of warranty included in the manual of the product. For any dispute, the competent court is the Court of Padua. The Italian law and the "Convention on Contracts for the International Sales of Goods" apply

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The quality level of our instruments is the result of the continuous product development. This may lead to differences between the information reported in the manual and the instrument you have purchased. We reserves the right to change technical specifications and dimensions to fit the product requirements without prior notice.

DISPOSAL INFORMATION



Electrical and electronic equipment marked with specific symbol in compliance with 2012/19/EU Directive must be disposed of separately from household waste. European users can hand them over to the dealer or to the manufacturer when purchasing a new electrical and electronic equipment, or to a WEEE collection point designated by local authorities. Illegal disposal is punished by law.

Disposing of electrical and electronic equipment separately from normal waste helps to preserve natural resources and allows materials to be recycled in an environmentally friendly way without risks to human health.

